### 108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 2247

To provide additional punishment for certain crimes against women when the crimes cause an interruption in the normal course of their pregnancies, and for other purposes.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### MAY 22, 2003

Ms. LOFGREN (for herself, Mr. ROTHMAN, Mr. CONYERS, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. FILNER, Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California, Mr. FROST, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. OLVER, Ms. CARSON of Indiana, and Ms. LORETTA SANCHEZ of California) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Armed Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

## A BILL

- To provide additional punishment for certain crimes against women when the crimes cause an interruption in the normal course of their pregnancies, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Motherhood Protection

5 Act of 2003".

# 1SEC. 2. CRIMES AGAINST A WOMAN THAT AFFECT THE2NORMAL COURSE OF HER PREGNANCY.

3 (a) Whoever engages in any violent or assaultive conduct against a pregnant woman resulting in the conviction 4 5 of the person so engaging for a violation of any of the provisions of law set forth in subsection (c), and thereby 6 7 causes an interruption to the normal course of the preg-8 nancy resulting in prenatal injury (including termination 9 of the pregnancy), shall, in addition to any penalty imposed for the violation, be punished as provided in sub-10 11 section (b).

12 (b) The punishment for a violation of subsection (a)13 is—

14 (1) if the relevant provision of law set forth in 15 subsection (c) is set forth in paragraph (1), (2), or 16 (3) of that subsection, a fine under title 18, United 17 States Code, or imprisonment for not more than 20 18 years, or both, but if the interruption terminates the 19 pregnancy, a fine under title 18, United States 20 Code, or imprisonment for any term of years or for 21 life, or both; and

(2) if the relevant provision of law is set forth
in subsection (c)(4), the punishment shall be such
punishment (other than the death penalty) as the
court martial may direct.

(c) The provisions of law referred to in subsection (a)
 are the following:

3	(1) Sections 36, 37, 43, 111, 112, 113, 114,
4	115, 229, 242, 245, 247, 248, 351, 831, 844(d), (f),
5	(h)(1), and (i), 924(j), 930, 1111, 1112, 1114,
6	1116, 1118, 1119, 1120, 1121, 1153(a), 1201(a),
7	1203(a), 1365(a), 1501, 1503, 1505, 1512, 1513,
8	1751, 1864, 1951, 1952 $(a)(1)(B)$ , $(a)(2)(B)$ , and
9	(a)(3)(B), 1958, 1959, 1992, 2113, 2114, 2116,
10	2118, 2119, 2191, 2231, 2241(a), 2245, 2261,
11	2261A, 2280, 2281, 2332, 2332a, 2332b, 2340A,
12	and 2441 of title 18, United States Code.
13	(2) Section 408(e) of the Controlled Substances
14	Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C. 848).
15	(3) Section 202 of the Atomic Energy Act of
16	1954 (42 U.S.C. 2283).
17	(4) Sections 918, 919(a), $919(b)(2)$ , $920(a)$ ,
18	922, 924, 926, and 928 of title 10, United States
19	Code (articles 118, 119(a), 119(b)(2), 120(a), 122,
20	124, 126, and 128).

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